UV LED LAMP SPECIFICATION
Model: NS375L-3RLQ

Nitride Semiconductors Co., Ltd.
1. Name: UV LED LAMP

2. Model: NS375L-3RLQ

3. Absolute maximum ratings (Ta=25℃)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Maximum rating</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>DC Forward current</td>
<td>$I_F$</td>
<td>25</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pulse forward current*</td>
<td>$I_{FP}$</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power dissipation</td>
<td>$P_D$</td>
<td>100</td>
<td>mW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Operating temperature</td>
<td>$T_{OPR}$</td>
<td>-30 to +80</td>
<td>℃</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Storage temperature</td>
<td>$T_{STG}$</td>
<td>-30 to +85</td>
<td>℃</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Soldering temperature</td>
<td>$T_{SOL}$</td>
<td>260℃ within 10 seconds</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

* Conditions: Duty cycle ≤ 1/10, Pulse width ≤ 0.1msec

4. Optical and electrical characteristics (Ta=25℃)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Condition</th>
<th>Min.</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max.</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Forward voltage</td>
<td>$V_F$</td>
<td>$I_F=20mA$</td>
<td>3.2</td>
<td>3.6</td>
<td>4.2</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Peak wavelength*</td>
<td>$\lambda_p$</td>
<td>$I_F=20mA$</td>
<td>375</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>380</td>
<td>nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Full width at half maximum</td>
<td>$\Delta \lambda$</td>
<td>$I_F=20mA$</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>nm</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optical output power **</td>
<td>Rank 11 &amp; 12</td>
<td>$I_F=20mA$</td>
<td>11.0</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>17.4</td>
<td>mW</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*2 Measurement error: ±2nm

*3 Measurement error: 10%

The percentage of each rank in the shipment shall be determined by Nitride Semiconductors.

5. Standard optical and electrical characteristics

To be hereinafter described.

6. Dimensional outline and materials (This product complies with RoHS.)

To be hereinafter described.
7. Reliability
(1) Test items and the results
   - Mechanical test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test items</th>
<th>Test conditions</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Terminal strength (Pulling/Pushing) | Load 5N (Pulling)  
Load 1N(Pushing) | For 10 seconds each | 50% 0/5 |
| Terminal strength (Bending) | Load 2.5N  
0°to 90°to 0° to reverse direction 90°to 0° | One time               | 50% 0/5 |
| Dropping damage             | Dropping from 1m high                                | Two times              | 20% 0/11 |

   - Environmental test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test items</th>
<th>Test conditions</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Resistance to soldering heat | Ts=260±5°C, 10 seconds  
At 1.5mm from the lead base | One time               | 10% 0/22 |
| Resistance to soldering heat | Ts=350±5°C, 3 seconds  
At 1.5mm from the lead base | One time               | 10% 0/22 |
| Solderability               | Ts=235±5°C, 5 seconds  
(using flux) | One time Wetting more than 95% | 20% 0/11 |

   - Life test results

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test items</th>
<th>Test conditions</th>
<th>Notes</th>
<th>Test results</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
| Steady state operating life | Ta=25±2°C, IF=20mA  
1000 hours                   |                        | 10% 0/22 |
| Operating life at high temperature | Ta=80±2°C, IF=10mA  
1000 hours                   |                        | 10% 0/22 |
| Storage at high temperature | Ta=85±2°C  
1000 hours                   |                        | 10% 0/22 |
| Operating life at low temperature | Ta=30±2°C, IF=15mA  
1000 hours                   |                        | 10% 0/22 |
| Operating life at high temperature and humidity | Ta=60±2°C, RH=90±5%,  
IF=15mA  
500 hours                   |                        | 10% 0/22 |
| Storage at high temperature and humidity | Ta=60±2°C, RH=90±5%  
500 hours                   |                        | 10% 0/22 |

(2) Criteria for judging damages

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Test items</th>
<th>Symbols</th>
<th>Measurement conditions</th>
<th>Judgment criteria</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Forward voltage</td>
<td>VF</td>
<td>IF=20mA</td>
<td>(U)×1.1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Optical output power</td>
<td>Po</td>
<td>IF=20mA</td>
<td>(L)×0.5</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

*(U): Upper standard level, (L): Lower standard level
8. Cautions

(1) The LEDs emit strong UV radiation. Do not look directly at the LEDs. UV radiation may harm your eyes. To prevent inadequate exposure of UV radiation, wear UV protective glasses.

(2) Direction for use
When designing the circuit, the current through each LED must not exceed the absolute maximum ratings. Operating at a constant current per LED is recommended. This product should be operated using forward current. Do not apply either forward or reverse voltage while it is not in use.

(3) Static and surge
The LEDs are very sensitive to static electricity and surge voltage. Take a full protection against static and surge.

(4) Heat generation
The powered LEDs generate heat. The operating current should be decided after considering the ambient maximum temperature of LEDs.

(5) Lead forming
Lead forming should be done before soldering. When forming leads, the leads should be bent at a point at least 1.5mm from the base of header and must be taken to avoid any stress. When mounting the LEDs onto a PCB, the holes on the circuit board should be exactly aligned with the leads of the LEDs. The LEDs should be soldered at least 1.5mm from the base of header.

(6) Storage
The leads are silver plated. They may be changed in quality by exposing to the air contains corrosive gas. Be careful with the storage environment. The LEDs in the sealed bag can be stored for maximum 6 months. For the storage more than 6 months up to 1 year, the LEDs should be stored in the suitable environment of the stable temperature and humidity.

(7) This LED also emits the visible light. Please take notice of the visible light spectrum in case of use for especially sensors.

9. Warranty

(1) The warranty is valid for UV LED lamps only.
(2) Perform an acceptance inspection on arrival of the goods. Return the defectives if any stipulating the disqualification and quantity.
(3) Embedding the LEDs into the application and the verification of life and other qualities in practical use shall be executed by user.
(4) The LEDs are intended to be used for ordinary electronics equipment. Do not use the LEDs for the applications that require the higher reliability and security and that may endanger life and health by the breakdown and the malfunction. Seller shall not bear any responsibility or liability with respect to any claims and damages caused by user’s usage of the LEDs without following our intended purpose or any written consent.
(5) Seller shall not bear responsibility for any damages or defects caused by improper operation at the current in excess of the absolute maximum ratings that are not covered by warranty.

10. Others

(1) The technical information in this specification is not to guarantee the intellectual property rights of seller’s nor a third party and not to grant the license.
(2) The appearance and specifications may be modified for improvement without notice. Do not reverse engineering by disassembling or analysis of the LEDs without our consent. If there’s any defectives found, please contact our sales division.

NS375L-3RLQ
150817-NS

4/7
Optical and electrical characteristics

- Forward voltage vs. Forward current
- Forward current vs. Relative output power
- Ambient temperature vs. Relative output power
- Ambient temperature vs. Forward voltage
Ambient temperature vs. Allowable forward current

![Graph showing ambient temperature vs. allowable forward current.]

Spectrum

![Graph showing spectrum with wavelength λ (nm) vs. relative output power (a.u.) at Ta=25°C, I_F=20 mA.]

Directivity

![Graph showing directivity with relative output power at Ta=25°C.]

NS375L-3RLQ
150817-NS
**Dimensional outline drawing**

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**Top View**

- $\phi 3.8 \pm 0.2$
- $\phi 3.0 \pm 0.2$

**Side View**

- $R1.40 \pm 0.2$
- $1.1$
- $1.5 \text{MAX}$
- $2-\square 0.5$
- $0.6 \text{MAX}$
- $\phi 5.0 \pm 0.2$
- $2.50$

**Internal circuit**

- Anode
- Cathode

(Unit: mm)

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*A zener diode is built in the protective circuit against static electricity.*

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Item</th>
<th>Material</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Encapsulating Resin</td>
<td>Silicone resin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lead Frame</td>
<td>Fe + Ag coating</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>